



012-2024 MEMORANDUM CIRCULAR NO.

TO

ALL ATS PERSONNEL AND PILOTS CONCERNED

SUBJECT

MANDATORY REPORTING OF GNSS RADIO FREQUENCY

INTERFERENCES (RFIS) FOR INTERNATIONAL FLIGHTS

DATE

24 JUNE 2024

The Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines (CAAP) recognizes the critical role of the Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) in ensuring safe and efficient air navigation, particularly PBN flights. However, recent data from the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Flight Data Exchange (FDX) indicate elevated levels of long-duration and deliberate military jamming and spoofing. These activities have threatened the integrity of Positioning, Navigation, and Timing (PNT) services across several regions, including the Asia-Pacific.

To address GNSS Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) events, all air operators and Air Traffic Service (ATS) personnel are directed to report GNSS RFI events with potential cross-border impact, regardless of flight type, and GNSS RFI events encountered within the Manila FIR that significantly impact flight operations. Reports should be submitted to the Office of the Director General for Operations (ddgo@caap.gov.ph) within three (3) days from the occurrence using the prescribed ICAO GNSS Interference reporting form1.

For strict implementation

CAPTAIN MANUEL ANTONIO L. TAMAYO

Director General

CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY OF THE PHILIPPINES CERTIFIED PHOTOCOPY (NOT VALID WITH ERASURE/ALTERATION)

MADONNA L. OROCIO Records Officer II

Central Records and Archives Division

see attached prescribed GNSS RFI Reporting Forms





GNSS RFI REPORTING FORM FOR USE BY ATS PERSONNEL (1/2)							
Originator of report							
Organization							
Department							
Street address		1 Fs					
Zip code/city							
Name/surname							
Phone number							
E-Mail							
Date and time of report							
	Description of interference	- 10					
Source of initial interference report	[] Pilot [] Engineer/technician [] Other						
Observability of the interference	Interference was noticeable: [] only on board the aircraft (flying, not on the ground) [] only on the ground (aircraft parked/taxiing) or by means of ground detection systems available [] both						
Number of received reports							
Coordinates of the area of occurrence/time (UTC)	UTC: Lat: Long: FL/Altitude:						
Problem duration:	Days, hours, minutes, seconds [] continuous [] intermittent						
Affected GNSS element	[]GPS []GLONASS []GALILEO []BDS []Other constellation []EGNOS []WAAS []BDSBAS []Other SBAS []GBAS (VHF data-link for GBAS)						
Affected constellation frequency	[]L1 []L1 []E1 []B1 []L2 []L2 []E5a []B2 []L5 []AII []E6 []AII []AII						
Used GNSS contingency procedure	[] Radar vectoring [] Switch to procedures based on conventional navaids (e.g. DME/DME or VOR/DME-based PBN, DME and VOR-based conventional, ILS) [] Diversion to another airport [] Missed approach [] Use of alternate means for communication (e.g. VHF) [] Other:						







GNSS RFI REPORTING FORM FOR USE BY ATS PERSONNEL (2/2)  In case of report by pilot					
Aircraft type and registration					
Flight number					
Airway/route flown					
Reported on-board failure	[] Total loss of navigation capabilities [] Need to change the navigation procedure [] Inability to fly RNP and request for radar vectoring [] Inability to fly a GNSS-based approach (GLS, SLS) [] GNSS fault (1 or 2) [] TAWS/EGPWS warnings or loss of terrain and surface functionalities [] Loss of ADS-B [] Wind and ground speed wrong presentations [] Aircraft clock anomaly [] Loss of situational awareness (SVS, Cockpit Display of Traffic Information) [] Loss of communication functions (CPDLC, ACARS) [] AHRS failure [] Map shift				
Informa	tion on presumed source of interference				
Presumed location of interference source	Lat: Long: or Nearest city or landmark:				
Interfering frequency (if known)					
Signal strength and reference bandwidth (if known)					
Further descriptions of the interference case	[] Spectrum plot [] Map [] Other material:				







GNSS RFI REPORTING FORM FOR USE BY PILOTS (1/2)					
Originator of report					
Organization					
Department					
Street address					
Zip code/city					
Name/surname					
Phone number					
E-Mail					
Date and time of report					
	Description of interference				
Reported failure and operational impact	[] Total loss of navigation capabilities [] Need to change the navigation procedure [] Inability to fly RNP and request for radar vectoring [] Inability to fly a GNSS-based approach (GLS, SLS) [] GNSS fault (1 or 2) [] TAWS/EGPWS warnings or loss of terrain and surface functionalities [] Loss of ADS-B [] Wind and ground speed wrong presentations [] Aircraft clock anomaly [] Loss of situational awareness (SVS, Cockpit Display of Traffic Information) [] Loss of communication functions (CPDLC, ACARS) [] AHRS failure [] Map shift [] Other:				
Used GNSS contingency procedure	[] Request for radar vectoring [] Switch to another mean of navigation (e.g. DME/DME, VOR/DME, ILS) [] Diversion to another airport [] Missed approach [] Use of alternate means for communication (e.g. VHF) [] Other:				
Affected GNSS element	[] GPS [] GLONASS [] GALILEO [] BDS [] other constellation [] EGNOS [] WAAS [] BDSBAS [] other SBAS [] GBAS (VHF data-link for GBAS)				



Affected constellation frequency	[]L1 []L2 []L5 []All	[]L1 []L2 []L3 []All	[]E1 []E5a []E5b []E6 []All	[]B1 []B2 []B3 []All			
GNSS RFI REPORTING FORM FOR USE BY PILOTS (2/2)							
Aircraft type and registration			4. 2				
Flight number							
Airway/route flown (airport RWY/gateway/parking gate in case of on ground detection)							
Coordinates of the area of occurrence/time (UTC)	UTC:Lat: _	Long: FL/Al	titude:				
Problem duration	Days, hours, m [] continuous [] intermittent	inutes, seconds _					

C.S.